

1782
March 30th From
Robert Lavers
Esq^r

Northampton County

Commonwealth

to the Legislature
of the Commonwealth
of Massachusetts
on the 28th day of March
in the year of our Lord
one thousand seven hundred
and eighty two

Public Service

Easton March 30th: 1782

Sir

Yesterday in the afternoon a certain Person, who called himself James Young, was brought before me on suspicion of being a Prisoner of War, belonging to Lord Cornwallis's captured Army, he said he had at Norfolk in Virginia deserted from the British & belonged to the 33^d Regiment before the Surrender; but from many circumstances being convinced he was a deserter, I committed him to the Gaol in this Town, giving strict orders to search him, least he might have letters &c. with him. In consequence of which it appears, by a discharge, found with him, from the Hospital at Norfolk, dated the 22^d July 1781, his Name is James Brule, a Corporal in Lt Col Balper's Company of the 23^d Regiment, and he has since confessed he is a Prisoner of War. That at York in Pennsylvania he was with a Party of Six to hunt wood, and took that opportunity to make his Escape, and came thus far, on his Way towards some Reli- tions, he has in the Jerseys, at some distance from Brunswick. That he had no intention to attempt to go to New York. He is a Scotchman I have since wrote to the Master of the Ferry, to examine and stop all Travellers, that he may have reason to suspect. There will be some Recruits sent from hence next Week to Reading, with whom this Prisoner of War may be forwarded. As there is no Provisional Post here, in what manner, and Prisoners of War should others be taken up to be subsisted, until they can be removed from hence.

I having been applied to by the Wife of one Clinterfoose, a Hessian Prisoner of War, now in Gaol, to endeavor to get him enlarged, and his confinement, whilst other Prisoners have their Liberty, appearing to be the result of Anger and Resentment, rather than a just Punishment for Demerit, sufficient Security having been received for his forthcoming, from time to time, for since the year 1780, I take the liberty to engage a few moments of your time, in representing the case of this man, as it has come to my knowledge. This Hessian Prisoner by his own account, Isaac Clinterfoose, by name, was taken at Saratoga at the Reduction of General Burgoyne and his Army by General Gates, that remaining among the Prisoners at Winter Hill till November 1778, when they were about to be removed to Virginia, he left them and went to Boston and there began working for different Gentlemen till May 1779. That one Mr. John Smith with whom he worked at Boston, went with him to General Heath, who gauched him a Pass, which he says he lost with his Pocket Book. That in May 1779, he left Boston, and worked at several places about eight miles from thence, after which he left that Country and came to Mansfield in Jersey, where not finding much work, he departed from thence and came to Valentine Beidlerman's who keeps a mill in Sussex County in Jersey, about a mile from Easton, in August 1779. And staying there about a month and half, he went from thence to one Henry Gaines, a neighbour of said Beidlerman's, at which Gaines he continued about Ten months. After these months were expired, he married the daughter of one John Werts of Philipsburgh a Town in Jersey opposite Easton, and worked about from place to place

The Honorable
Major General Lincoln.

place in that neighbourhood. That during the ten months he
lived with Haines, Doctor Andrew Ladley of Easton who acted as a
Commissioner of Prisoners went into the Jerseys to Mr. Haines and charged
him not to let Clinkerfoose go, without acquainting him. Soon after,
and a little before Haines' death in the year 1780, Clinkerfoose being in
Easton Mr. Ladley thought it best to secure him and put him in Gaol
where he remained five days. And then Mr. Haines, Mr. Beidleman
and one Philip Michael became his Securors, and he was released
from his confinement. That Clinkerfoose having worked Twenty
Eight days and an half for Mr. Ladley, partly as a mason, and partly
as a Labourer, and receiving as he said no pay therefor, and being
again wanted by Mr. Ladley to assist in quarrying a considerable
quantity of Stone for him, which Clinkerfoose seemed unwilling to
do, alledging he could not live so without pay upon which Clinker-
foose says, Mr. Beidleman told him, that he should bring ^{out} Ladley
foose over to Easton and take up the Bond, and that Clinkerfoose
should be put into Gaol. This happened sometime in February
last. That Mr. Ladley having lately been at Philadelphia, and
as he wrote me, (as I had frequently said) that I could not persuade
myself to believe, that the Board of War would have
continued an officer as Commissioner of Prisoners in this Place for more than the
space of eighteen months past, there being no possible duty for
him to perform, and which at the same time appeared to be loading
the public with unnecessary burdens, which were already in
Essentials, almost too heavy) was impowered by the Board of
War to collect the prisoners in the County, and wait their orders
for the disposal of them. He thought he was not a Commissioner of
Prisoners, he, Mr. Ladley ^{since his return from Philadelphia} meeting with Clinkerfoose in this for-
beat him in a very cruel manner, making as it is said a hole
in his head with a stick he wears, afterward committed to
Gaol, where he now lays, and as his wife tells me, is in a few
days to be sent off to Reading. She tells me, he has ever used
her with tenderness and affection, has an infant sucking at her
breast. He bears a general good character among the neigh-
bours at Philipsburgh, and can bring undoubted good security
for his appearance at all times, whenever he shall be called for
in behalf of this poor woman and child I therefore use the
Freedom to sollicit in her behalf, that if it may be judged
consistent with the publick weal, her husband, Isaac Clinkerfoose
may be permitted to remain with her, and be discharged from his
confinement, upon giving such security as may be required.

I am with great esteem and regard
Sir

Your Honors
most obedient Servt

Robert Severs